

Description

Joint stiffness or contracture may be caused by immobilization following surgery, disease, or trauma. Treatments used to prevent and treat joint stiffness and contractures include physical therapy, serial casting, continuous passive motion and stretching devices.

There are three categories of mechanical stretching devices:

- 1. Low-load prolonged duration stretch (LLPS): LLPS devices permit resisted active and passive motion (elastic traction) within a limited range. They maintain a prescribed level of tension by means of incorporated springs. Available low-load, prolonged-duration stretch (LLPS) devices include: Dynasplint System, Ultraflex, Pro-glide dynamic ROM devices and Advance Dynamic ROM devices.
- 2. Static progressive (SP) devices: SP stretch devices hold the joint in a set position, while allowing manual modification of the joint angle, and may allow active motion without resistance (inelastic traction). The device does not exert stress on the tissue unless the angle is set to the joint's limitation. This type of device allows a limited range of passive or active motion, but the motion is free and does not provide elastic traction. Available static progressive (SP) stretch devices include: Joint Active Systems (JAS) Static Progressive Stretch devices and JAS Pronation/Supination device.
- 3. Patient-actuated serial stretch (PASS) devices: Patient-actuated serial stretch (PASS) devices provide a low-to high-level load to the joint using pneumatic (Extensionators or Flexionators) systems that are adjusted by the patient. Examples of PASS devices include: ERMI Knee Extensionator, ERMI Knee/Ankle Flexionator, ERMI Shoulder Flexionator, ERMI MPJ Extensionator and ERMI Elbow Extensionator.

Policy

Mechanical stretching devices (LLPS/SP) are considered reasonable and necessary for members meeting the coverage criteria listed below.

Policy Guidelines

Coverage Criteria:



- 1. Must be ordered by the member's treating practitioner.
- Low-load prolonged-duration stretch (LLPS) device/dynamic stretch device (e.g., Dynasplint System) or a static progressive (SP) stretch device (e.g., Joint Active Systems) are considered reasonable and necessary for the knee, elbow, wrist or finger for a period of time up to four (4) months for ANY of the following indications:
 - As part of a structured rehabilitative program for persistent joint stiffness in a subacute injury or following surgery
 - In the acute postoperative period following surgery to improve the range of motion of a previously affected joint
 - As a treatment for loss of motion from a contracture when a formal rehabilitative program is not feasible or has failed to provide benefit
- 3. The Dynamic Adjustable Ankle Extension/Flexion device (JAS Ankle) is considered medically necessary for the treatment of contractures.

Limitations:

- 1. This device is considered rental.
- 2. The Dynasplint device may be billed twice only when two (2) distinct devices are used (e.g., one for flexion, one for extension).
- 3. Repair of a dynamic splint/Dynasplint/Joint Active System splint will be included in the rental fee.
- 4. The replacement of a dynamic splint/Dynasplint/Joint Active System splint is covered when there is a documented change in the physical condition of the Member.
- 5. For Member owned Dynasplint/Joint Active System, replacement padding will be covered when medically appropriate.

Exclusions

1. The use of LLPS devices/dynamic stretch devices or SP stretch devices is considered not reasonable and necessary for any other joint or condition including but not limited to foot/toe (HCPCS codes E1830, E1831), shoulder (HCPCS codes E1840, E1841) and ankle (HCPCS codes E1815, E1816) disorders, cerebral palsy, rheumatoid arthritis, or plantar fasciitis because they are considered experimental, investigational and/or unproven.



- 2. The use of patient-actuated serial stretch (PASS) devices (e.g., ERMI Knee, MPJ, or Elbow Extensionator, ERMI Knee/Ankle or Shoulder Flexionator) is considered not reasonable and necessary for any indication because they are considered experimental, investigational and/or unproven.
- 3. The use of a carpal tunnel stretch system (e.g., Dynasplint or CTRAC Carpal Tunnel Treatment System) is considered experimental and investigational in the management of carpal tunnel syndrome.
- 4. The use of dynamic splinting is considered experimental and investigational for hallux valgus.
- 5. The SaeboMas dynamic mobile arm support system, the Kinovo mechanical mobile arm support and similar devices are considered experimental and investigational because of insufficient published evidence of its clinical value.
- 6. The Medi-Dyne Prostretch device is considered experimental and investigational because of a lack of evidence regarding its effectiveness.

HCPCS Level II Codes and Description

| E1800 | Dynamic adjustable elbow material | extension/flexion dev | ice, includes soft interface |
|-------------|---|-------------------------|------------------------------|
| E1801 | Bi-directional static progres adjustment, includes cuffs | ssive stretch elbow de | vice with range of motion |
| E1802 | Dynamic adjustable forearr interface material | n pronation/supinatio | n device, includes soft |
| E1805 | Dynamic adjustable wrist e material | xtension/flexion devi | ce, includes soft interface |
| E1806 | Bi-directional static progres adjustment, includes cuffs | ssive stretch wrist dev | rice with range of motion |
| E1810 | Dynamic adjustable knee er material | xtension/flexion devi | ce, includes soft interface |
| E1811 | Bi-directional static progres adjustment, includes cuffs | ssive stretch knee dev | ice with range of motion |
| E1812 | Dynamic knee, extension/f | flexion device with ac | tive resistance control |
| E1815 | Dynamic adjustable ankle e | extension/flexion dev | ce, includes soft interface |
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| material |
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| Bi-directional static progressive stretch ankle device with range of motion adjustment, includes cuffs |
| Bi-directional static progressive stretch forearm pronation / supination device with range of motion adjustment, includes cuffs |
| Replacement soft interface material, dynamic adjustable extension / flexion device |
| Replacement soft interface material/cuffs for bi-directional static progressive stretch device |
| Dynamic adjustable finger extension/flexion device, includes soft interface material |
| Dynamic adjustable toe extension/flexion device, includes soft interface material |
| Dynamic adjustable shoulder flexion/abduction/rotation device, includes soft interface material |
| Multi-directional static progressive stretch shoulder device, with range of motion adjustability, includes cuffs |
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Important Note:

Northwood's Medical Policies are developed to assist Northwood in administering plan benefits and determining whether a particular DMEPOS product or service is reasonable and necessary. Equipment that is used primarily and customarily for a non-medical purpose is not considered durable medical equipment.

Coverage determinations are made on a case-by-case basis and are subject to all of the terms, conditions, limitations, and exclusions of the member's contract including medical necessity requirements.

The conclusion that a DMEPOS product or service is reasonable and necessary does not constitute coverage. The member's contract defines which DMEPOS product or service is covered, excluded or limited. The policies provide for clearly written, reasonable and current criteria that have been approved by Northwood's Medical Director.

The clinical criteria and medical policies provide guidelines for determining the medical necessity for specific DMEPOS products or services. In all cases, final benefit determinations are based on the applicable contract language. To the extent there are any conflicts between medical policy guidelines and applicable contract language, the contract language prevails. Medical policy is not intended to override the policy that defines the member's benefits, nor is it intended to dictate to providers how to direct care.



Northwood Medical policies shall not be interpreted to limit the benefits afforded to Medicare or Medicaid members by law and regulation and Northwood will use the applicable state requirements to determine required quantity limit guidelines.

Northwood's policies do not constitute medical advice. Northwood does not provide or recommend treatment to members. Members should consult with their treating physician in connection with diagnosis and treatment decisions.

Northwood follows all CMS National Coverage Determinations (NCD) and Local Coverage Determinations (LCD), as applicable.

References

 Aetna: Mechanical Stretching Devices for Contracture and Joint Stiffness. <u>http://www.aetna.com/cpb/medical/data/400_499/0405.html</u> Last accessed and reviewed 12/11/23.

| Revision Number | Date | Description of Change | Prepared/Reviewed by | Approved by | Review Date: | Effective Date: |
|--------------------|----------|--|-------------------------|----------------|--------------|--------------------|
| A | Nov.2006 | Initial Release | Rosanne Brugnoni | Ken Fasse | n/a | |
| 01 | | Annual Review-no changes | Susan Glomb | Ken Fasse | Dec. 2008 | |
| 02 | 12-22-09 | Annual Review- No changes | Susan Glomb | Ken Fasse | Dec.2009 | |
| 03 | 12-01-10 | Annual Review – No changes | Susan Glomb | Ken Fasse | Dec.2010 | |
| 04 | 02-18-11 | Policy updated to reflect current practice | Susan Glomb | Ken Fasse | | |
| 05 | 07-20-11 | Added Important Note to all Medical Policies | Susan Glomb | Dr. B. Almasri | | |
| 06 | 12-15-11 | Annual Review. Changed name to Mechanical Stretch Devices for Joint Stiffness and Contractures. Added | Susan Glomb | Dr. B. Almasri | Dec. 2011 | |

Change/Authorization History

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| | | References to Policy. | | | | |
|----|----------|---|------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|------------------|
| 07 | 04-04-12 | Added reference to NH Medicaid | Susan Glomb | Dr. B. Almasri | | |
| 08 | 12-4-12 | Annual Review – No changes | Susan Glomb | Dr. B. Almasri | Dec 12 | |
| 09 | 12-11-13 | Annual review. No changes | Susan Glomb | Dr. B. Almasri | | |
| 10 | 11-24-14 | Annual Review. No changes | Susan Glomb | Dr. B. Almasri | | |
| 11 | 12-14-15 | Annual Review. No changes | Susan Glomb | Dr. B. Almasri | 12-14-15 | |
| 12 | 12-19-16 | Annual Review. No Changes. | Lisa Wojno | Dr. B. Almasri | December 2016 | |
| 13 | 12-18-17 | Annual Review. Updated reference. | Lisa Wojno | Dr. Cheryl Lerchin | December 2017 | |
| 14 | 12-13-18 | Annual review. No changes. | Carol Dimech | Dr. C. Lerchin | December 2018 | |
| 15 | 12-13-19 | Annual review. Added per references: The use of dynamic splinting is considered experimental and investigational for hallux valgus. | Carol Dimech | Dr. C. Lerchin | December 2019 | December 2019 |
| 16 | 12-04-20 | Annual Review. Added that the SaeboMas dynamic mobile arm support system is considered experimental and investigational. | Lisa Wojno | Dr. C. Lerchin | December 2020 | December 2020 |
| 17 | 12-14-21 | Annual review. Added that the Dynamic Adjustable Ankle Extension/Flexion device (JAS | Carol Dimech/ Susan Glomb | Dr. C. Lerchin | December 14, 2021 | |

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| | | Ankle) is considered medically necessary for the treatment of contractures. The Medi-Dyne Prostretch device is considered experimental and investigational because of a lack of evidence regarding its effectiveness. Also Added NCD/LCD verbiage to "Important Note". | | | | |
|----|----------|---|--------------|----------------|----------|----------|
| 18 | 12-9-22 | Annual review. Added that the Kinovo mechanical mobile arm support and similar devices are considered experimental and investigational. | Carol Dimech | Dr. C. Lerchin | 12-9-22 | 12-9-22 |
| 19 | 12-11-23 | Annual review. No changes. | Carol Dimech | Dr. C. Lerchin | 12-11-23 | 12-11-23 |